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Generative AI in Education

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Abstract

Recently, the field of artificial intelligence (AI) has advanced significantly, with generative AI rising to the top of the tech industry's most-discussed subjects list. Education like many other fields could be transformed by generative AI like ChatGPT, Bard, DALL-E, Midjourney, and DeepMind, which all have the ability to revolutionize a number of industries with all the benefits and drawbacks they entail.

The paper begins by providing an overview of generative AI, highlighting its capacity to generate human-like text, images, and even interactive simulations. It delves into the underlying principles and techniques that empower generative AI models, focusing on prominent models like ChatGPT and Midjourney.

To assess the effectiveness of generative AI in educational contexts, the paper examines studies that have evaluated learning outcomes, student engagement, and teacher support. These findings provide insights into the efficiency of generative AI as a supplementary educational tool and its role in fostering innovative teaching practices. Paper also addresses concerns around the technology being too integrated into education like over dependence and cheating.

Finally, the paper discusses future possibilities and challenges for the integration of generative AI in education. It proposes strategies for maximizing the benefits of this technology while ensuring ethical considerations are met. The paper concludes with a call for further research and collaboration between AI experts, educators, policymakers, and other stakeholders to harness the full potential of generative AI in transforming the learning landscape.

Keywords: generative AI, education, transformative technology, learning outcomes, student engagement, teacher support, ethical considerations, personalized learning experiences, biased content

1. Introduction

The way we interact with technology has been revolutionized in recent years with the fascinating advancements in the field of Artificial Intelligence (AI). Many industries reshape and reform to best accommodate these new technologies in what seems like a digital arms race. The most prominent results of theses advances can be observed with Generative AI (GAI) models. Generative AI field aims for the creation of machines and algorithms capable of generating almost original and creative content such as images, text and even music. What separates them from conventional AI models is that instead of depending on pre-programmed rules they learn patterns and generate new outputs according to the data they trained on.

Due to their versatility their influence can be expected in almost any industry including education. Their potential to transform the learning experience can already be seen by the fact that in the past academic year, one third of the college students admittedly used ChatGPT, the most popular Generative AI example in the market and the fastest growing consumer application in history [4]. However, concerns arise with the topic of integration of Generative AI into the field of education. These concerns include issues of over-dependence on AI, potential ethical considerations, and the risk of technology-enabled cheating.

The purpose of this essay is to investigate how generative AI can revolutionize education. We will evaluate studies on learning results, student engagement, and teacher support in order to determine the viability of generative AI as a complementary teaching tool. We will also discuss issues with generative AI integration in education, such as over-dependence and cheating, and propose solutions to maximize benefits while upholding ethical standards. This paper's ultimate goal is to offer recommendations and insights for utilizing generative AI's full potential to revolutionize the learning environment and to promote cooperation between AI professionals, educators, policymakers, and other stakeholders in order to shape the future of education.

2. Overview of Generative AI

The term Generative AI refers to the branch of AI that mainly pursues the development of models that can create original and creative content. This requires the models to learn from data they are trained with and produce new outputs. Several models have helped to popularize the technology. ChatGPT, created by OpenAI, set the record for the fastest-growing consumer application when it gained a million subscribers in five days and 100 million users two months after it went public in November 2022 [5]. The ability of ChatGPT, a chatbot powered by Generative AI, to comprehend a wide range of human languages and produce rich, organized responses astounded the world. DALL-E, another instance of generative AI created by OpenAI, operates similarly to ChatGPT but produces digital images instead. Both applications were developed with the help of deep learning, a kind of machine learning that mimics how the human brain learns and responds to data, information, and cues [11]. Google quickly replied by announcing Bard, their own Generative AI

3. Evaluating the Effectiveness of Generative AI in Education

Currently, a large number of educational applications based on generative AI technology have arisen thanks to the popularity of mobile devices like smartphones and tablets as well as the growth of network technology. These programs can give students practical learning tools, aid in knowledge acquisition, and facilitate understanding. In addition, certain applications can employ generative AI to offer students real-time intelligent assessment and feedback as they are learning, assisting them in more effectively identifying and correcting mistakes and enhancing learning efficiency. As an instance, let's look at the free language learning tool Duolingo, which uses generative AI. To assist in creating new features, the company created a generative AI model dubbed Birdbrain [7]. English, Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Russian, and Chinese are just a few of the languages that users can study. The main idea behind Duolingo is to make learning a new language fun and engaging for users by using interactive teaching techniques.[6] Users can hone their language skills by completing the application's different grammar, vocabulary, listening, speaking, and reading comprehension tasks. In addition, Duolingo offers real-time feedback and individualized study programs to help users better understand their learning progress and issues and offer pertinent guidance and support. With tens of millions of users worldwide, Duolingo is a wellknown language learning program thanks to its straightforward, user-friendly, and cost-free open features. As a result, generative AI-based educational applications have developed into crucial support tools for the education of contemporary students, providing a wealth of benefits and prospects.

Another promising example is Squirrel Ai Learning which is a Chinese company that employs generative AI and an approach called "Adaptive Education" to customize learning for specific students. A tailored study plan is made for each student using the company's AI-powered system, which evaluates their learning habits and makes adjustments in real-time. The company claims that this strategy has significantly improved student performance. For instance, in a randomized control study carried out by the Chinese government, students using Squirrel AI Learning's system outperformed students in the control group by 17.22% on a standardized test [8]. Education in China's rural areas has benefited greatly from Squirrel Ai Learning. The company claims that more than 1,200 schools in rural areas have implemented its method, improving educational performance for students who might not have otherwise had access to a high-quality education. To customize learning for specific students, Squirrel AI Learning uses generative AI. A tailored learning plan is created using an analysis of each student's learning behavior by the company's AI-powered system, which adapts in real-time.

Due to the recency of the more mainstream examples of the technology, the number of documented implementations and research regarding its effectiveness is far from sufficient. While conferences [9] that include educators and policy makers take place, careful implementation of the technology is among the hot topics. As the integration progresses to a more widespread crowd more accurate points can be made regarding the effectiveness of GAI in education.

4. Concerns and Challenges

Although generative AI in education has many advantages, downsides may also need to be considered. The growing use of generative AI systems in education creates a complex environment that necessitates a thorough analysis of its far-reaching effects. As we go further into this process, a variety of issues emerge, each having the potential to fundamentally alter the course of education.

One critical issue to overcome is the complicated matter of authenticity and credibility. The line between work created by machines and that developed by human hands blurs as AI-generated material becomes increasingly common. This creates an obstacle for educators as well as students because it gets harder and harder to pinpoint the original source of a piece of content. The situation extends to assessments and assignments, where teachers may have trouble accurately assessing the caliber and originality of work produced by AI.

Although AI tools provide the possibility of efficiency and scalability, they also run the risk of lessening the importance of the human element in education. Meaningful interactions between teachers and students support the development of students' emotions and social skills in addition to the sharing of knowledge. The development of critical interpersonal skills may be negatively impacted by the unintended consequences of the introduction of AI, which could result in a decrease in these crucial human relationships.

Also as AI systems learn from existing data, they can inadvertently inherit biases present in their data. Given that the algorithms are only as unbiased as the data they are trained on, one worry is the possibility of bias in educational material that is generated. It is not implausible that a generative AI program designed for a specific student population based on their race, gender, or socioeconomic level could perpetuate unfavorable preconceptions and have a detrimental effect on their educational experience. Above all, we must ensure that generative AI systems are created and developed to be equal and inclusive for all users.

The use of AI in education requires a careful analysis of copyright, intellectual property, and ethical issues. Discussions regarding who owns the rights to AI-assisted creations can start when AI-generated content becomes prevalent since it can muddy the borders between authorship and ownership. It's essential to address these issues if you want to provide a fair and open educational setting.

A frequently overlooked topic is data privacy and security. A great deal of data, perhaps including private student or educator information, is needed for the functioning of a generative AI model. For the sake of safeguarding all parties' rights and establishing confidence, it is crucial to ensure that there are strong security measures in place to secure sensitive data from theft or misuse.

However, in the midst of all these debates, it is critical not to forget the digital divide that could be increased by the use of AI capabilities. The resources and technology required for effective engagement with AI-powered education are not equally available to all educational institutions or students. A discrepancy between rich students who gain from AI-enhanced

learning and less fortunate students who fall further behind might ensue from failing to close this gap.

The conclusion is that although generative AI integration in education has enormous promise, it requires an in-depth approach that takes into account not only the technological issues but also the ethical, social, and practical implications as well. To create a comprehensive and inclusive educational environment, it is essential to strike the correct balance between the benefits of AI and the indispensable contributions of human educators.

5. Future Possibilities and Strategies

The field of education is on the verge of a transformation as technology continues to grow at a pace that is unprecedented. Systems like ChatGPT serve as excellent examples of the ways that generative AI integration may be used to transform how teachers and students interact with material, solve problems, and engage in learning experiences.

AI as a Complex Information Source and Learning Tool

Beyond simple online searches, generative AI plays a larger role in education as a source rich in depth and complexity. Contrary to traditional search engines, AI systems like ChatGPT can offer complex explanations, insights, and discussions on a variety of subjects. Teachers can encourage students to explore deeper into subjects by employing AI as a more complicated information source than conventional search engines, which will build critical thinking and analytical skills.

Access to Model Work and Remixing of Student Work

With the help of generative AI, students can access a variety of well-written essays, research papers, creative projects, and other types of assignments. By presenting exceptional work, this resource might encourage students to set higher standards for their studies. AI can also make it easier for students to remix their own work, which promotes innovation and teamwork as they rework and expand on each other's concepts.

Enhancing Classroom Activities and Teacher Tasks

AI should be integrated into education without replacing teachers; instead, it can support them by making some duties easier. AI systems can help with assignment grading, fast feedback, and even the creation of individualized lesson plans that are catered to the needs of each student. Additionally, AI can be easily integrated into well-known classroom techniques like the "think pair share" routine [10], enabling a variety of viewpoints and lively conversations.

Supporting Text Summarization and Addressing Difficult Problems

The ability of AI to convey materials accurately and clearly can help students comprehend difficult subjects effectively. Additionally, generative AI's strength shows when applied to complex, all-encompassing issues that call for original thinking. With the aid of AI, students may analyze complex problems and come up with fresh insights and creative solutions.

Artificial Intelligence as a Grading, Feedback, and Student Engagement Aid

Systems with generative AI can help teachers grade assignments and offer helpful criticism. In addition to saving time, this promotes assessment uniformity and objectivity. Additionally, including students in discussions with AI can help them develop their critical thinking abilities and improve their ability to present well-supported arguments.

Personalizing Learning and Facilitating Discussions

Since AI is so adaptable, educators can design individualized lessons that are tailored to each student's particular strengths and weaknesses. AI acts as a catalyst for meaningful classroom interactions by producing debate topics and prompts, which motivates students to deeply engage with the material.

AI-Enhanced In-Person Instruction

In a hybrid learning setting, AI can enhance in-person training by providing extra resources, responding to inquiries, and delivering assistance outside of scheduled class times. Students will always have access to materials and help thanks to this hybrid approach.

6. Conclusion and Call to Action

In conclusion, the use of generative AI in education opens up a range of prospects that have the potential to transform how we engage with information and how we learn. It is vital to embrace the revolutionary potential of generative AI while addressing the problems and ethical issues it brings as we stand at a crossroads of technological advancement and educational achievement.

Modern education's future can be seen in the incredible versatility of generative AI models like ChatGPT, DALL-E, and Midjourney. A dramatic change in how instructors can interact with students and promote learning has been made possible by the ability to generate text, graphics, simulations, and tailored learning experiences. The popularity of programs like Duolingo, Squirrel Ai Learning, Mathway and Grammarly demonstrates how AI has the ability to improve language learning, design personalized learning routes, teach complex topics or even help with writing which are all advantageous to a wide spectrum of learners.

This trip does not, however, come without difficulties. Authenticity and credibility have emerged as major issues as generative AI becomes more prominent in the educational setting. It's difficult for both instructors and students to distinguish between information produced by AI and human authors' work. Furthermore, the danger of over-relying on AI, the possibility of biased content, data protection, and the digital divide all highlight the necessity of a careful and well-balanced integration plan.

A collaborative effort is essential to maximizing the potential of generative AI in education. To create a future where AI enhances the distinctive qualities of human teachers, promotes critical thinking, and stimulates creativity, AI experts, educators, policymakers, and stakeholders must collaborate. Ethics should inform research and development to ensure that

generative AI improves learning without undermining the principles of equity, inclusion, and personal development.

The call to action is loud and clear: educators and AI experts must collaborate to design and execute cutting-edge approaches that maximize the advantages of generative AI while minimizing its drawbacks. A balanced educational environment that smoothly integrates AI tools to empower students, improve methods of instruction, and prepare learners for the difficult challenges of the future requires ongoing research, pilot programs, and interdisciplinary conversations. By doing this, we may fulfill the potential of generative AI as an educationally transformational force and build a more inclusive and dynamic learning environment for future generations.

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